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Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

AMUSEMENTS. Grand-"Richelien."

Walker Whiteside's achievement in the role of Richelieu at the Grand, last night, before an audience that almost completely filled the house, resulted in a demonstration that has not been witnessed at a theater in this city since Irving played here. Whiteside seems to have impressed the people of this city as only great actors are able to

do. Last night's audience was sympathetic to the point of flattery and demonstrative to the verge of sensation. At the close of the curse of Rome scene he was lionized. Three times was the curtain run up without any visible subsiding of the applause, and finally the actor was called out in front and the demonstration continued until he was back again in his dressing room. Even the stolid musicians in the orchestra laid down their instruments and clapped their hands wildly with the rest. The triumph was an honor for any man on the American stage to-day and only goes to show that this young tragedian holds some influence over his audience that is beyond the power of booming agents to bring about with the shrewdest advertising.

The Hanlons never lack for audiences anywhere Their "Superba" is a revelation in the by everybody and hence it fills the theater at less queer properties and its mysterious trick ery, its agile and tunny clowns, its ballets and specialties make up a most satisfying per-The matinee this afternoon at English's will attract great crowds of children. closing performance is to-night.

The "Hamlet" matince to-day at the Grand will be a big affair, the house being nearly sold out in advance. To-night Mr. Whiteside concludes his engagement with "Othello," playing the title role himself, Mr. Herman appearing as

Among the plays that have withstood the wear diminished in the estimation of the theater-going public "The Waifs of New York" is prominent. dramas may come, go and be forgotten, but Katle Emmett's well-known play seems to defy time. It will be presented at the Park the half of next week.

Clssy Fitzgerald and "The Foundling" will be at the Grand next Friday and Saturday.

Notes of the Stage. Mme. Janauschek will rejoin "The Great Diamond Robbery" company and reappear on Mon-day in Cleveland as Mother Mandelbaum.

Olga Nethersole may act Judith in a Biblical play founded on the Biblical story of Holofernes. She will not appear in "A Lady of Quality," nor will that play be seen at all this season.

Mounet-Sully, with the company of the Theater Francais, is going to Athens to act in "Oedipe Rol." The performance will be in honor of the fifteenth anniversary of the French Archaeolog ical School at Athens. The Hollands will close their starring tour in

"Dr. Claudius" this week and the piece will be shelved. E. M. Holland has just been engaged by Chares Frohman to appear in a farce called "Never Again," which will succeed "Secret Service" at the Garrick Theater, New York. The Hollands will thus be separated again and their

capable company broken up. Mrs. Robert Taber has changed her name again, this time without court license or ministerial permission. The Tabers opened in New York this week and they are billed as Julia Marlowe and Robert Taber. This may be a concession to the critics and the public, which resented her taking the name of Taber, or it may indicate that the honeymoon is over and that Julia Marlowe has her eyes open finally to the

threatened clouding of her genius by her con-Jessie Bartlett Davis declares that there is no reason why the woman of the stage should not live plainly and quietly like any ordinary woman. "An Englishman once said to me," she remarked recently, "that an American actress can never be distinguished off the stage. 'Our actresses,' he said, 'seldom go abroad without painting their complexions and wearing striking costumes.' As an Englishman told that, it must be true, for every one knows how jealous they are about their own nationality. It is a fact that I do not know a single American actress, that is, one of good

standing, who makes up in any way when she Adelaide Herrmann, who is accompanying Herrmann III on his first American tour, has that he would carry his own revolver to the show and fire upon the lady unawares. He carried the but when the soldiers fired he lost his nerve and preferred to pay the bet than take the Mme. Herrmann was informed of the incident ofter the show. "If he had shot and shot straight," she remarked, "he would probably have killed me. I must know where the ball is coming from and prepare to meet it. It was partly because my husband feared just such foolhardy experimenters that he refused to do this act over the country, except on rare occa-

Melba Will Return This Month. NEW YORK, Feb. 12.-Jean de Rezske this morning received a cable message from spond to emergency calls.

would never repeat it after the Casino engage-

Mme. Melba, who is in Paris. She states that she will return to America the latter part of this month and sends sympathetic words apropos Castlemary's death. It is now believed Melba will appear in Chicago this season.

Married on the Stage.

DETROIT, Feb. 12.-Arthur T. Gorman of Baltimore, who is said to be a nephew of United States Senator Gorman, was married to-night to Miss Annie Waltman, of the Wood Sisters' Burlesque and Vaudeville Company. The marriage was performed on the stage of the Capitol-square Theater.

PERSONAL AND SOCIETY.

Mrs. George Warren is spending a month

Dr. Geo. E. Coughlin has returned from the Bahama islands. Mrs. Edward Ducas will entertain at cards Monday afternoon. The Clytus Club and the Lae-Tus Clubs held their regular dances last evening. Mrs. Charles W. Moores has returned

Mr. and Mrs. Aquilla Q. Jones gave a children's dance last evening for their son Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Henderson will leave Monday for California to be gone two The Y. P. S. C. E. of the First Presby-terian Church held a social last evening in the church parlors.

from a visit to relatives in Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. William A. Heath enter-tained friends at cards last evening at their home on College avenue. Miss Deborah D. Moore will return Wednesday from a visit to her aunt, Mrs. Albert Fletcher, and family in Milwaukee. Miss Florence Malott will return early next week from St. Louis, where she has been visiting the Misses Hill for a short

Mr. and Mrs. Rogers, of Woodruff Place, entertained a number of the residents of Woodruff Place with a Valentine party last

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest P. Matthews, who have been making their home in Evansville for a few years, have returned to this city

thur Deuel Gates. The engagement is announced of Mr. Ed-win Farmer, pianist, and Miss Parrott, of Dayton, O., who visited Mrs. Lafayette

Mrs. John C. Dean entertained the young ladies of the Classical School residence last evening with a party at her home on North

meeting of the D. A. R. at the home of Mrs. E. C. Atkins Feb. 22. Mrs. John Stevenson will give a luncheon Monday for Mrs. F. C. Gardner's guests, Mrs. Orr, of Attlea; Mrs. Harry Martin, of Covington, and Miss Kramer, of Laporte. A social in the interest of the Sunday school was held last evening in the parlors of the Second Presbyterian Church, under

perintendent, Mr. Matson. Mrs. M. Deitrichs, assisted by her daughter-in-law, Mrs. A. E. Deitrichs, entertained a number of German friends vesterday afternoon with a coffee. Last evening the ladies gave a family dinner party. Mrs. C. E. Merrifield entertained about

fifty friends handsomely at cards yesterday afternoon at her home on Broadway. The rooms were tastefully decorated with a variety of flowers and artistic prizes were pre-Mr. and Mrs. James S. Cruse went to St Louis last evening, and on their return

nome they will be accompanied by Mrs. Cruse's mother, Mrs. Eliza Jones, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Brownell, since the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Cruse. The valentine party this afternoon, from 2 to 6, at the Propylacum, will be the event of the week for children. There will be dancing in the west parlor, a postoffice and other features in the east parlor. The proceeds are for the Rector's Ald Society of

The Misses Shover gave a "hearts" party last evening in honor of Miss Evelyn Copping, of Covington, Ky., who is the guest of Miss Jeanette Foster. The tally cards were heart-shaped and many of the appointments, as well as the prizes, were of this orm, appropriate to the Valentine season. Invitations have been received by the lalies who attended school at Farmington, Conn., for a reunion next month at Farmington Lodge. This lodge is a large farmise sustained by the students and graduates of the school for the purpose of giving solidays in the country to working girls in New York. It has been largely endowed. Mrs. Bement Lyman, Mrs. H. Bates, jr., and Misses Florence and Carrie Malott and Mrs. Arthur Voorhees Brown are among the Farmington students in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. John N. Carey gave a dinner of fourteen covers last evening in honor of Rev. and Mrs. C. N. Sims. In honor of Lincoln's birthday the decorations were of the national colors. Red, white and blue hyacinths formed the centerpiece, set on white embroideries over red and blue satin. The names of the guests were on the white stripes of the tri-color satin ribbons and each had a quotation from Lincoln. each end of the table were three silk flags stacked. All of the appointments were in harmony with the general idea.

A reception was given yesterday afternoon and last evening in the rooms of the Young Woman's Christian Association to the new members. Two factions of the soclety have been interested in soliciting new members. The result was recently made known. The "reds," Miss Flora Shank, captain, secured 317 and the "blues," Miss Flora Austin, captain, 277 new members. It was hought at first the "side" getting greatest number would give a banquet to the others. On account of the suffering in the city it was decided to abandon the banquet and have each member contribute some article of food for the Charity Organ- instructions to amend by striking out all ization Society. This was done, and the result was a goodly assortment of food. The and tear of time and have increased rather than entertainment consisted of a drill by the gymnasium class, music by Miss Minnie Deiner, Miss Iliff, Miss Frances McElwee titled act, the same being Section 4469 ing Mrs. Helen Dairympie Ri A musicbox also was heard. Favors for the occasion were tiny fans tied with red or blue ribbons. The membership contest gives a new impetus to the life of the organization.

CITY NEWS NOTES.

The Keystone Gas Companyq has struck another good gas well in the Broad Ripple

Major and Mrs. Dwight Fraser gave a

dinner last evening in honor of General and Mrs. Packard, of New Albany. Rev. W. R. Lawton, of the Ninth Presbyterian Church, will discuss Gabriel Jones's school bill to-morrow evening. Rev. Dr. C. C. Lasby, pastor of Centralavenue M. E. Church, has consented to repeat to-morrow evening his sermon on "The

Greatest Curse of the Human Race.' The subject of Rev. R. V. Hunter's sermon for to-morrow night at the Seventh Presbyterian Church will be "The Future of Indianapolis." A scheme for university extension will be presented at the close of

A service in memory of Mrs. Garnet Ashbrook Berninger will be held at Central Christian Church to-morrow afternoon at o'clock. Short addresses will be made by Mr. Howard Cale, Miss Mary Judson, Miss Wishard and Rev. D. R. Lucas. The music will be by the choir of the church.

Mayor George W. Cromer, Judge O. J. Lotz, Maj. J. F. Wildman, Lee Coffeen, H. L. Hopping, L. D. Thomas, T. H. Kirby. James N. Templer and Frank Reed comprised a party of Muncie gentlemen who called on the Legislature yesterday in the interest of the new Metropolitan police

A course of lectures will be delivered Tuesday evenings, beginning Feb. 16, at th. New Church Chapel, 333 North Alabam, street. There is no admission fee. Rev. Thomas A. King, of Chicago, will speak next Tuesday on "The Divine Humanity of Jesus Christ the Foundation of the Christian Religion.

The funeral services of the daughter of Louise Fillier Wooling were held at the family residence, 384 North New Jersey street, vesterday, Rev. D. J. Ellison, pastor of the First Baptist Church, officiating, The deceased was a member of the First Baptist Sunday school and an unusually promising child. The remains were taken to Lawrenceburg for burial, where the

The gospel meeting at the Young Women's Christian Association rooms to-morrow at 4 o'clock will be led by Miss Bessie Wells, the instructor in physical culture. For the benefit of those who desire to remain down town for Y. P. S. C. E. or evening services, a luncheon is served at the association rooms. Supper is served Saturday evenings for young women who are employed in the stores that keep open at

In regard to Patrolman Streit's trip to the empty house at 81 West Fourteenth (old Fifth) street, Thursday night, it is stated that Streit did not reach the house aped, that it was a citizen who did the shooting and it was done before the patrolman arrived. Strelt has figured in the arrest of some of the most desperate crim- | throwing five hundred colored teachers out inals who have been arrested during the twelve years he has been on the force. It was partly on account of his record that | the man who ought to know what his peohe was given the place as special patrolman to stay at the police station and re-

THE JONES MEASURE RECOMMITTED AFTER A LONG STRUGGLE,

Speaker Pettit's Ruling on the Subject Questioned by the Democratic Leader Too Late.

SENATE WILL WORK TO-DAY

VARIOUS MINOR MEASURES PASSED BY IT YESTERDAY.

New Bills of Interest-Substitute of the Special Verdict Law-Second Readings.

The House spent most of its morning session on the question of colored schools that caused so much excitement on Thursday, The fight yesterday morning came over a recommit the bill, which was on third reading, with instructions to amend by substituting another bill. Mr. Jones, the colored member, had agreed to this Thursday night, but later there was a mass meeting of his people, and he went back on it. The thing was discussed in every phase yesterday morning, the Democrats again trying to force the Re-Miss Lucy Holliday entertained at cards yesterday afternoon and among the guests was Miss Kirby, who is visiting Mrs. Arthe negroes. At noon a vote was taken on the motion to recommit, and it stood 45 ayes against 43 noes. The ruling required a two-thirds vote to recommit, but the speaker declared the bill recommitted. Neither Mr. Jones nor any of the Democratic leaders who have supported him were tus, Walr, Wallrath, Wise.—43. Pennsylvania street.

Washington's birthday and the anniversary of the society will be observed by a immediately, and the House adjourned for the rules require a two-thirds vote to re
The speaker announced the result and declared that the bill was recommitted. The rules require a two-thirds vote to retinued, he said. It delayed business. The the noon hour. Instead of getting in their point of order immediately upon the reconvening of the House they permitted the speaker to hand down a couple of bills on second reading, and when Mr. Eichhorn made the point of order that a two-thirds vote was required the speaker held that they could not go back with a point of orthe direction of the new Sunday school suder, but it must be made immediately upon the announcement of a ruling.

The House took up second readings in the afternoon and passed to engrossment the Senate bill for measuring wheat, Remington's dog-tax bill, one of Mr. East's railroad bills and the dependent orphans'

The Senate spent most of the morning discussing the Wood bill to increase the salaries of the commandant and adjutant of the State Soldiers' Home and to increase the maintenance fund from a per capita of \$10 per month to \$12.50. The noon adjournment intervened while this discussion was going on, and after the lunch hour the bill was taken up and passed. The Senate passed the Self bill requiring township trustees to file their annual statements with the auditor, the O'Brien bill providing for certain improvements in the Supreme Court library, and the Shively bill appropriating \$5,000 for a statue Morton in the Capitol at Washington. In the afternoon the Senate took up second readings, and the most important bill acted on was a cigarette bill which had passed the House. It was amended so that the prohibition of sale to minors does not extend to all tobacco and cigars. The State Board of Commerce bill for a commission to revise the laws relating to local government was sent to third reading as passed the House, with an amendment offered by Senator Houghton striking out the second section, which provides for the payment of the expenses of the commission up to a limit of \$1,000 a year.

COLORED SCHOOLS AGAIN.

Bill Recommitted After an All-Day Discussion. The colored school question again oc-

cupied most of the time of the House yesterday and the colored troops fought nobly. The lobbies and galleries of the House were jammed with colored citizens and their rounded in short order. The speaker handed the bill down on third reading. The had agreed with Mr. Nicholson the night before to a substitute biil, but later he had attended the mass meeting at the Herculean Club and after the adoption of resoinal form he had changed his mind. Mr Nicholson, however, moved to recommit the bill, which was on third reading, with after the enacting clause and inserting the

"That section three (3) of the above enof the Revised Statutes of 1881, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows: Section 3. The trustees or trustee of such township, town or city may organize the colored children into separate schools of the townships, town or city, having all the rights, privileges and advantages of all other schools of the townships, town or city; provided, that in case there may not be provided separate schools for the colored children, then such colored children shall be allowed to attend the public schools with white children; provided further that no colored children shall be required to attend any such colored school outside of the school district where such colored children reside; and provided further, that when any child attending such colored school, in examination, produce the certificate of his or her teacher to the trustee or trustees of any township, town or city showing that he or she has made sufficient advancement to entitle him or her to b placed in a higher grade than that afforded by such colored school then such trustee or trustees of any township, town or city shall admit such colored children to enter the schools provided for white children of a like grade: and children of all colored parents shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges in the public schools of the State as are afforded therein to the children of white parents, and there shall be no discriminations made against or preference shown to any child on account of his or her color, but every child shall have equal educational facilities, regardless of Mr. Jones spoke in opposition to the mo-

tion and amendment. He explained that he had agreed with Mr. Nicholson the afternoon before that the substitute would be all right, but this he said was subject to the desires of the colored people and these were expressed to him later at the mass There he found the influential people of his race against the substitute and he would therefore oppose it. East, of the Democratic side, spoke in opposition to the substitute. He declared that he was opposed to fighting this bill by amendments and preferred that the question should be fought out openly and a straight vote taken to see whether or not the House would pass the bill. Populist Patterson pronounced in favor of the substitute, and Mr. Linck spoke in its be-Mr. Jones took another whack at it and explained his position more fully. Mr. Nicholson defended the substitute bill, declaring that it would give colored children full and equal rights and would relieve them of any hardships that they may now have in attending schools at a distance. Mr. Hart spoke in opposition to the effort to throw the children of both races together and Mr. Littleton spoke for the substitute, declaring that the author of the bill had agreed to it and he believed in sticking to agreements. Mr. Pettit called Mr. Willoughby to the chair and took the floor. He said both sides were right and the queswas not one of politics. He thought the Legislature should act in behalf of the citizens of the State and not as politicians. He believes that most of the colored people did not want the bill in its original form. Mr. Spooner spoke at some length and in the course of his address declared that Mr. Jones did not know what he wanted. had changed his mind later. He favored the substitute himself and was opposed of employment. Mr. Elchhorn, leader of the Pepocracy, said he thought Jones was ple wanted and he was therefore going to vote whichever way Jones wanted. If the

for it unless the colored member should

Mr. Linck remarked that the Democrats were getting on the Republican side of the question, but he had an impression that their friendship for the colored race was largely sham. He recited an instance occurring after the close of the war when one of the Jefferson county Democratic leaders brought a monkey to the polls and declared that it should vote if the colored people were permitted to vote. Mr. Smith spoke in favor of the substitute and reviewed a little of the history of the Democratic party in its efforts to suppress the negro vote. Mr. Hedgeccck offered an amendment to the substitute providing that the word district should be construed to mean ward or township, and Messrs. Ran-dolph and Packard both spoke against this amendment. Finally the previous question was ordered upon this and Hedgecock's amendment was defeated by a vote of 33 to 53. The question was then upon the substitute bill, and Mr. Clauser spoke in favor of it. Mr. Ryan started to speak against it, but the point was made that they were operating under the previous question and he was declared out of order. The roll was called and numerous members explained their votes. Mr. Bowers and Mr. Wair made very plain and honest statements. They declared that they were against the bill and against the whole business all the way through, and this unexpected honesty rather started their fellow-Democrats, Mr. Biankenship took occasion to thank his Maker for "the universality of mankind." Mr. Canada caused a murmur of laughter when he declared "you cannot accuse me or any other colored gentleman of being prejudiced against the colored race." Mr. Jones explained his vote with the sarcastic remark that he was pleased to see how everybody loved the colored man. Mr. Littleton sent up a written explanation and asked that it be spread on the journal. It was to the effect that he voted for the sub-The fight yesterday morning came over a stitute largely because the author of the proposition submitted by Mr. Nicholson to bill had agreed to it. The roll call resulted as follows:
Ayes—Archibald, Babcock, Blankenship, Bowers, Butler, Canada, Clauser, Cockrum,

Elliott of Henry, Fornshell, Furness, Gibson, Goddard, Harris, Hart, Hicks, Hubbard, James, Jernegan, Kratz, Lambert, Linck, Littleton, McCrea, Medsker, Miller, Monyhan, Morris, Newton, Nicholson, Packard, Patterson of Daviess, Patterson of Fulton, Peckenpaugh, Kandolph, Record,

Noes-Berry, Brown, Downey, East, Eg-gle, Eichhorn, Elliott of Marion, Elliott of Washington, Graham, Haifley, Hall, Hedgecock, Henderson, Herod, Jones, Kell, Kelley, Knepper, McCart, McGeath, Mann, Marsh, O'Bannon, Patterson of Franklin, Pinnick, Remington, Rhodes, Roose, Ross,

body made the point of order, but Mr. Jones immediately began hunting through the book of rules and discovered that the ruling was wrong. The whole crowd of a hundred or more colored people were soon informed, and they proposed during the noon hour to have that ruling changed. Shortly after the afternoon session began Mr. Eichhorn arose and made the point of order. A couple of bills had been read the second time. Mr. Sutton made a point of order that other business had intervened. Speaker Pettit said that if there was any authority for reaching back with a point of order he would consider it. Mr. Eichhorn responded that from the fact that there was no authority against it, he would like a ruling. The speaker said the chair would take the question under advisement. and the expected storm did not break. The

It was nearly 4 o'clock when the speaker nade his ruling. He held the point of order raised by Mr. Eichhorn not well taken, because other business had intervened. 'When a ruling goes unchallenged," be remarked, "it shall stand whether right or

House pursued the work of second read-

Mr. Eichhorn asked what he would do in case a motion should be made in the morning to correct the journal as to this record. and the speaker replied that he would rule upon questions as they came up. He then cited rulings of Speaker Crisp from the Congressional Digest and paragraphs from Cushing's Manual and Reed's "Parilamentary Practice" sustaining his point that a point of order could not be raised upon a ruling after other business had intervened.

REPORT READY.

Mr. Jones Will Ask an Amendment to the Substitute.

The report of the educational committee to which the bill was recommitted, was prepared yesterday afternoon and ready to be sent in, but Mr. Jones asked that an amendment be made to it. It was explained that the committee was under instructions and had no right to change them. He will therefore, when the committee reports move to recommit, with further instructions to so amend as to give colored people the determination of whether or not colored schools shall be organized in any particular

Some of the members of the House have expressed surprise that this bill ever got out of the hands of the educational committee. Mr. Jones is a member of the committee, and one day when it was meeting at noon brought in a delegation of colored itizens, who spoke in behalf of the bill. At the close Mr. Nicholson started to dismiss the committee, but Jones grew angry and said he had been told that the committee intended to smother the bill. A motion was made to report the bill favorably, and it was carried, with Mr. Nicholson and Mr. Packard voting against it. They preferred nowever, not to make a minority report. It would have precipitated the fight then instead of later.

WORK OF THE SENATE. Measure Amended.

Few More Bills Passed-Cigarette About the noisiest day the Senate has experienced was yesterday. Time and again the lieutenant governor pounded his gavel lobby that if the talking did not cease the doorkeeper would be instructed to take a hand in the proceedings. At one time Senator Alexander read the rule which provided that the doorkeeper might turn every one from the Senate chamber aside from of the press if it were necessary. There chair quit talking about it the noise was as bad or worse than ever. Behind the mammoth pillars there were groups of lobbyists "holding swoi-rays," as Senator Drummond put it. Senators could not hear their names when the roll was called, and it was almost impossible for any one to determine what any Senator was saying paving of streets. Judiciary. when he addressed the chair. At the opening of the session yesterday morning several committee reports were submitted. The committee on insurance favored the indefinite postponement Senator Teick's bill (No. 183) regulating the organization and business of life insurance companies. A substitute for No. 94 (Early) was reported. This is the bill in which th State Life Insurance Company is interested The committee on affairs of the city of Indianapolis recommended the indefinite postponement of the city sinking fund bill, because it is believed that the Common Council has ample authority under the present charter to levy the tax provided in the bill A long list of bills were reported by the udiciary committee. There were two reports on Senator Hawkins's bill requiring material men to give notice to property owners that they intend to hold a lien Passed. against the real estate. The minority renort, favoring its passage, was adopted The Senate also concurred in a report from the same committee indefinitely postponing Senate Bill 193 (Hawkins), providing for the purchase of voting machines for every voting precinct in the State and one hunired extra to be kept as "emergency" machines. A report was made favoring the substitution of a new bill for Senator Wood's measure for the repeal of the special verdict law. It is referred to mere fully elsewhere. Senator Gilbert offered a resolution ex

ressing the respect held by the Senate for the memory of Abraham Lincoln. In honor of his natal day, Senator Gilbert moved that when the Senate adjourned at noon is should be to meet again at 3 o'clock. Senator Watson moved to amend by making the adjournment until Monday. Senator Wood opposed this. He declared that he held Abraham Lincoln in as high esteem as any one on the floor. He thought that the Senate could better show its respect for the martyred President by passing a resolution, as had been done by other legslatures, than by wasting valuable time For five days the Senate had been on the order of bills on third reading and his name had not yet been reached (he is the ast on the roll), and he would like to have in opportunity of calling up at least one ill before the week ended. Senator Shiveey was also opposed to an adjournment until Monday, as the time of the Senat was growing short and could not be frittered away. It might be well to adjourn until 3 o'clock, however, he said. Senator Wood's contention was sustained.

MINOR BILLS PASSED. There were three bills passed yesterday morning. Senator Self's bill requiring township trustees to file verified reports of bill should be recommitted and a substitute their annual expenditures with the county

bill brought in he was not willing to vote | auditors of the State, was the first. Under the present law the township trustees are simply required to post notice of their expenditures in a given number of public

Senator O'Brien's bill, providing for needed improvements in the law library of | be two sets of ballot boxes and canvassers, the Supreme Court, was also passed. The attorney general and auditor of state are to supervise the improvements. The Sulong been complaints about the crowded condition of the library, which is fast out-

growing its present quarters. Senator Drummond likes to pose as the "watch dog of the Senate." When Senator Shiveley's bill, appropriating \$5,000 for the erection of a statue of Indiana's war Governor, Oliver P. Morton, in the statuary hall in the national capitol at Washington, he said that this bill had been slipped through without his knowledge or he would have raised his voice against it. "We can't honor the dead at the expense of the living," he declared. In the present hard A bill was introduced yesterday by retimes he was opposed to any such an appropriation, he said. The discussion of Senator Wood's bill to amend the law governing the Indiana State Soldiers' Home, at Lafayette, occupied the rest of the fore-noon. The bill provides that the salary of the commandant shall be increased from whether the plant would be worth at the \$1,000 to \$1,200 a year, and that the maintenance fund from \$10 to \$12.50 a month for | State-\$35,000. each member, officer and employe of the home. There is a proviso, however, that the increase in the maintenance fund shall be dependent upon the paying into the state treasury of the \$100 a year allowed by the government for veterans maintained in a State home. The net allowance for mainte-nance is, therefore, but \$50 a year from There was some considerable objection to the increase of the salaries of the officers.

to this feature of the bill. He had no objections to the other provisions, but was heartily in favor of the increased maintenance. He offered an amendment striking out the clause increasing the salaries, but his amendment was defeated on a de-mand for the ayes and noes by a vote of 21 to 20. The bill passed by a vote of 29 to 10. Several senators who voted against the bill explained that they did so because it increased the salaries of the officers. Two local bills introduced by Senator Hugg were called up and passed. One (No. 264) provides that the commissioners of counties having a population of 125,000 or more shall hold monthly sessions. It refers only to Marion county. Bill 311 was the other. It appropriates \$1,644.17 to pay the claim of Fuehring Bros. for sweeping and

Senator Duncan said that he was opposed

After five days the call of bills on third reading was completed. Senator Hawkins introduced a resolution directing the committee on rules to report a rule preventing bills on third reading from being referred back to their authors for amendment. Such senators should understand that all bills were to be amended on second reading and that the only thing on which they could be committed to their authors was for the purpose of correcting clerical errors. This resolution provoked a lively discussion. Senator Ball inquired by what right Senator Hawkins proposed to refer a resolution to a committee with arbitrary instructions. It was held the Senate could instruct any committee on a two-thirds vote. After a long discussion the resolution was with-

Senator Self introduced a resolution providing that hereafter no senator shall speak for more than five minutes when speaking the second time, and that no senator shall speak a second time on the same question until every other senator has been heard. It was referred to the commit-On the call of House bills on second reading, No. 214 (Mr. Elchorn's), legalizing the incorporation of the town of Poneta, Wells county, was passed under suspension of the

Several House bills were advanced to engrossment. A lot of fun was had with Mr. Record's mathematical bill. It came from the House a few days ago and went to the committee on temperance. It was called up by Senator Bozeman. It was indefinitely postponed, as not being a subject for legisla-tion. Senator Hubbell characterized the bill as utter folly. The Senate might as well try to legislate water to run up hill as to establish a mathematical truth by law. Leading papers all over the country, he said, were ridiculing the Indiana Legisla-

ture. It was outrageous that the State of Indiana should pay \$250 a day to have time wasted on such frivolous matters. STRUCK A POPULAR CHORD. Senator Drummond did not want the rule suspended until he had some information as to the purpose of the bill. "It may be I am densely ignorant on this

question of mathematics," said he. "Consent! Consent!" said Senator Elli-There was loud laughter at this sally.

Although the bill was not acted on favorably no one who spoke against it intimated that there was anything wrong with the theories it advances. All of the senators who spoke on the bill admitted that they were ignorant of the merits of the proposition. It was simply regarded as not being a subject for legislation. The Reynolds anti-cigarette bill amended so as to strike out the prohibitory clauses against cigars and tobacco to minors, and increasing the fine for a second violation of the law from \$100 to \$500. and leaving it discretionary with the court

as to whether inprisonment shall be in-Senator O'Connor's motion that the rules be suspended for the passage of House Bill 103, providing for the relief of Henderson Dunkle, of Carroll county, failed. A new bill introduced by Senator Gill, legalizing the incorporation of the town of Ladoga, was passed under a suspension of

A half dozen different motions to adjourn until Monday at 10 o'clock were voted Jown. Senator Ball arose to a point of order. He asked how many times a motion of that kind could be made. The chair held that such a motion was always in order if some other business had intervened.

New Senate Bills.

roviding for greater purity in elections. Judiciary. S. B. 307-Senator Ellison: Regulating the filing of mechanics' liens. Judiciary S. B. 408-Senator Gostlin: Legalizing the incorporation of the City of East Chicago. Cities and towns S. B. 409-Senator Hawkins: Appropriating money to pay the claim of Theodore E Brown. County and township business. S. B. 416-Senator Hawkins: Concerning the duties and compensation of commissioners in counties of not less than 111 square miles in area. County and township S. B. 411-Senator Nusbaum: To regulate

the sale of hay, feed, etc. Corporations. S. B. 412-Senator Gilbert: For the ap-pointment of shorthand reporters to take down testimony before grand juries. Judi-S. B. 413-Senator Early: Concerning the S. B. 414-Senator Wood: To establish city courts in all cities having a population of over 6,000. Judiciary. S. B. 415-Senator Wood: Concerning elec-

tions. Judiciary. S. B. 416-Senator Mull: For the more perfect auditing of money disbursed by the State, Judiciary, S. B. 417-Senator Horner: Providing for a homestead law, Judiciary, S. B. 418-Senator Early: Amending the law regulating sales of real estate by county auditors. Judiciary. S. B. 419-Senator Duncan (by request): Authorizing the Governor to enter into a

contract with Michael Cain to establish an electric light plant in the Statehouse. Publie buildings. S. B. 420-Senator Gill: Legalizing the incorporation of the town of Ladoga.

SOME NEW MEASURES. Another Voting-Machine Bill-"Mike" Cain's Little Scheme.

Up to date 420 bills have been introduced in the Senate. In the very nature of things those introduced from this time on will have but little chance of ever getting further than to a report from the committee to which they are referred. Fifteen more were brought to grist yesterday. Senator Shively introduced a voting ma-

chine bill which is general in its purpose and which is likely to be reported on favorably by the judiciary committee. An adverse report was made on the Hawkins length yesterday. As it provided for an appropriation of half a million dollars to begin with, and as it is known that the mechanical development of this sort of devices is in its incipiency, the committee a measure. It is generally regarded as a method of voting will have to be adopted. Senator Shively's bill is a first step toward such a revolution in elections in this State, it permits county commissioners to purchase voting machines and prescribes the methods of their use. There is a provision whereby the county commissioners are required to loan voting machines to towns

use of machines. There is nothing mandatory about the bill, but it gives power to a majority of a board of commissioners to purchase the machines. Another election bill was introduced by

so that the votes can be counted every hour as the election progresses. Such a law would do away with the long delay preme Court is to issue orders for the pay- in getting election returns. Michigan is one ment of moneys expended. There have of other States that are said to have such provisions in their laws. "Mike" Cain's fertile brain has hit on a plan whereby he can still keep his nose in the public bin and eat of the public pie. He requires a legislative act to help him along with his plans. His idea is to keep a firm hold on the State for ten years at least. The plan he has evolved is to run an electric lighting plant in the basement of the Statehouse at an annual stipend of \$3,500 for ten years, after which he proposes to turn the plant and all apquest embracing the proposition made by Cain and reciting that whereas Cain pro-posed to do the work for ten years at a

> end of ten years the price it would cost the There are those who say that Cain is not the real promoter of this scheme and that there is back of it the president of one of the electric companies who has been seen about the lobby a good deal.

less price than the State now pays, there-

SPECIAL VERDICT LAW. Substitute Bill Reported by the Sen-

ate Committee. A substitute for Senator Wood's bill repealing the special verdict law was reported by the majority of the Senate judiciary committee yesterday. There was a minority report against the substitution. They were not acted on, but the substitute and reports were ordered printed. The substitute bill, which follows, provides:

"That an act entitled 'An act to amend Section 389 of an act concerning proceedings in civil cases, approved April 7, 1881, and designated as Section 546 of the Revised Stautes of 1881, approved March 11, 1895, be amended to read as follows:
"That Section 389 of an act concerning proceedings in civil cases, approved April 7 1881, and designated as Section 546 of the Revised Statutes of 1881, be amended to read sprinkling streets abutting property of the as follows: That in an cases tried by a jury the court shall, at the request of either party in writing, made before the introduction of any evidence, direct such jury to return a special verdict of all issues in such cases. Such special verdict shall be prepared by the counsel on either side of such cause, and shall be in the form of interrogatories so framed that the jury will be required to find one single fact in answer- Unlaundered White Shirts 250 each of said interrogatories, which interrogatories shall be submitted to the court, and the court shall carefully inspect said interrogatories, and shall revise the same by striking out all unnecessary, ambiguous, redundant and immateria interrogatories, cause the interrogatorie as revised by the court to be rewritten and The jury on retiring shall renumbered. take all said interrogatories as revised and rewritten, together with all the pleadings in the case, including instructions of the court, if in writing, and shall answer each

"JERRY" WAS ALARMED.

of the interrogatories submitted to them.

He Thought the Street-Car Bill Had Slipped Through.

It was generally understood yesterday that the call of bills on third reading would be disposed of and that there would be a chance for the street-car bill to come up. It is on second reading. During the afternoon the mayor and other members of the city administration dropped in. The lobby was also there in force. "Jerry-on-to-his-Job Collins" arrived a few minutes late. He glided to the side of Roll Clerk Deem with a scared air. "Have you finished bills on third reading?" he asked apprehensively. "Yes," said Mr. Deem.

"Jerry's" heart was in his mouth for a minute. "What if they called up the street-car bill while I was away?" he thought. His voice was slightly tremulous as he asked:

"What are you doing now?" "House bills on second reading. It's going to take all afternoon, too," he said, with a weary sigh. The clerks all get a good rest when bills are on third reading. "Jerry" breathed easier. His pet aversion had not slipped through in his absence and his job was still safe. He lingered the rest of the afternoon, however, but the bill did not come up. It may be reached to-day, as there are not many House bills on third reading to be disposed of, and, judging from the persistency with which motions to ad-journ were voted down yesterday it is likely that the Senate will keep at work the

entire day. SECOND READINGS.

House Considers a Few Measures at

This Stage. The House took up second readings yesterday afternoon and spent much time in considering an amendment offered by Mr. Babcock to Bobilya's Senate bill on the measuring of wheat. The amendment was finally tabled and the bill ordered to third

Remington's celebrated dog-tax bill came up on second reading and the House talked dog for an hour or two. Numerous amendments were offered, but only one or two got through.

Mr. East's bill requiring railroads t make connections with and accept freight from short roads was called up, and Mr. Berry offered an amendment requiring that the short line should not be less than fifty miles. The bill had been introduced for the benefit of the people who want to open up the stone quarries along the Monon. Mr East spoke against the amendment, and Mr. Linck and Mr. Randolph spoke for vote. Mr. Randolph moved the recommit ment of the bill, but this was tabled and the bill engrossed. The bill for the care of dependent orphans also escaped to engross-

Apportionment Bill.

A favorable report on the legislative apportionment bill was submitted yesterday by Chairman Hawkins. No amendments to the House bill (441) were suggested. The Senate got through with the order of bills on third reading yesterday and also disposed of House bills on second reading. The next order is House bills on third reading. This may take up the entire day today, but it is likely that the order of bills on second reading may be reached, when it is possible that this bill will come up.

THE HIGH SCHOOL CICEROS

They Defeated Training School Orators in a Debate. The auditorium of the Industrial Training

School was filled to the doors last night

with a shouting crowd of schoolboys and

girls, assembled there to hear the debate

between the chosen orators of the Indian-

apolis High School and the budding Demosthenes and Ciceros of the home institution. The result was a complete victory for the High School, the decision of the judges being unanimous. When Superintendent Goss, who officiated as chairman, announced the decision, taking as long as possible to lead up to the main point, there was a storm of yells, both organized and miscellaneous, and a waving of blue and white ribbons, which fully equaled the demonstrations that genuine leather-lunged and alma-mater-loving college saudents are wont to make. Sergeant Lowe and a squad of Superintendent Colbert's grim guardians of the public peace were present to add luster to the occasion and incidentally to quell any too violent bubbling of schoolboy spirit. Nothing worse than yells happened, however, and the Industrial School boys carefully abstained from even that mode of letting off steam. Some said they behaved so decorously because of strict commands from their teachers, and some said it was because they had no valid reasons for making loud noises unto the

The question for debate was: "Are we Ready for the Dismemberment of Armies and for Submitting all International Questions to a Permanent Board of Arbitra-The High School had the affirmative and the Industrial School the negative of the question. The orators were all chosen from the mock senates of their respective institutions, four on each side. Claude M. Bowers, George B. Langsdale, Laurence B. Davis and Ernest Talbert spoke for the North-side school, and for the Industrial School Horace Gwinn, Felix F. Ballard, Arthur Meng and Hans O. Stechhan ever and anon smote telling blows for their in stitution, and caused terror even in the camp of the enemy until the judges had rendered their verdict. The judges were H. U. Fishback and C. F. Coffin. They marked and cities for municipal elections. The only on argument and unanimously fa-present election law is to remain in force vored the High School. In rendering their sion. Every member of the board heartily in so far as it is not in conflict with the decision they warmly commended the work concurred in the presentation.

The Wm. H. Block Co. Last Day of the Great Senator Wood. It provides that there shall SACRIFICE CLEARANCE SALE.

Sateen-covered Dress Stays Saturday made of watch-spring steel, un breakable and waterproof, 19c LADIES' JACKETS, FURS AND SUITS, Greatest cut of the season. Our final ef-

\$7.00 takes the best cloth garment in our establishment. JACKET or CAPE. MISSES' and CHILDREN'S Jackets at from one-third to onehalf regular prices. See OUR SATURDAY Special in Children's \$2.98 CORSETS. OUR LEADER, a new Corset, \$1 75c 75c quality, 4-button Gloves 48c

\$3.00 quality Evening Gloves, 16 and \$1.75 20-button SOLID GOLD JEWELRY, ONE-THIRD Sold Gold Rings, Cuff and Collar Buttons,

Jouvin \$1.50 Real Kid Gloves, pair. \$1.20

\$1.25 4-hook or button, extra qual-

Baby Rings, etc. LAST DAY, 25 per cent, off regular prices. The famous Monopole cutting-blg vari-

UNDERWEAR. For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children at from one-third to one-half regular prices. Some big specials for TO-DAY. Children's Fleeced Hose, 1x1 ribbed, Hermsdorf black, double knee, spliced heel and toe, were 25c and

MEN'S FURNISHINGS. \$2.75 Union Suits, fine worsted yarn \$1.50 THE CELEBRATED STAR SHIRTS; we have reduced our entire Shirt stock, as follows: \$1.00 custom-made, laundered white Shirt, 75c; our \$1.50 quality, \$1.50 98c; our \$2.25 quality

Earl & Wilson Collars, three for 50c 50c Guyot Suspenders..... 25c 50c Boston Garters 25c

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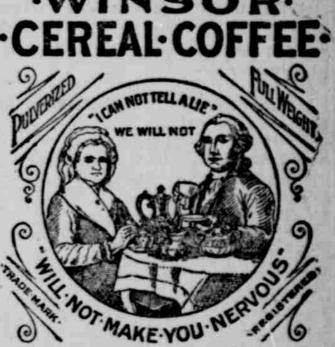
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THE MCMULLEN-WINSOR-COFFEE-CO-139 LAKE ST. CHICAGO. This is a pure article of rare excellence. Write to us, if your grocer does

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EDUCATIONAL. Indianapolis

Penmanship, Preparatory. E. J. HEEB, Pres. of all the speakers on both sides, saying it was much better than they had antici-

Estab. 1850. When bldg. Elevator. Day and night school. Enter now. Business, Shorthand.

Refused a Two-Dollar Compromise. At 10 o'clock Thursday night a man, who refused to give his name, was struck by a car at the loop at Louisiana street and Capitol avenue. He received a bad scalo wound, but refused to allow the dispensary physician who was summoned to dress it He was somewhat under the influence of liquor and it is said he insisted that the conductor should pay him \$2. He finally left, and yesterday George Bruce, of the claim department of the Citizens' Streetrailroad Company, called on him. The man still insisted that he ought to be paid \$2, but Mr. Bruce considered the company wholly blameless for the accident and refused to compromise, even for this small sum. The man says he will sue the company. Mr. Bruce refused to give the man's

name. Claims the Trainmen Beat Him. James Douglass, colored, who was sent to Boston with a carload of horses from Indianapolis, became stranded in Cleveland and had to steal his rides homeward. While on the front end of a baggage car on the Big Four, near Muncle, Thursday night, one of the company's detectives opened the door and demanded that the fellow jump off. He refused, and claims that the man began to pound him over the head with a club. When the train arrived in Muncle the colored man was lying inside the baggage car unconscious with his head all bruised and a pair of handcuffs on. was turned over to the police and hauled to the station house, where he did not recover consciousness for some time afterwards, and was then placed in jail.

Fifth Bowling Game. The fifth game of the local bowling contest was played last night at the German Club house. The German-American Club defeated the Lyra Casino Club by a score of 1,205 to 1,192. The following is the stand-

ing of the clubs in the contest; Won, Lost. Per cent. Furner All American German American

Furniture for Rescue Home. the furniture and other articles formerly in use at the City Hospital to the Rescue Mis-

Lyra Casino igers of the Indiana School of Nursing resterday morning it was decided to give